Dow AgroSciences

Material Safety Data Sheet

Dow AgroSciences LLC

Product Name: VIKANE* Gas Fumigant

Issue Date: 10/11/2011
Print Date: 11 Oct 2011

Dow AgroSciences LLC encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name

VIKANE* Gas Fumigant

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Dow AgroSciences LLC A Subsidiary of The Dow Chemical Company 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268-1189 USA

Customer Information Number: 800-992-5994

SDSQuestion@dow.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

24-Hour Emergency Contact: 800-992-5994 **Local Emergency Contact:** 352-323-3500

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color: Colorless
Physical State: Gas
Odor: Odorless
Hazards of product:

DANGER! May be fatal if inhaled. Causes respiratory tract irritation. Harmful if swallowed. May cause frostbite. Isolate area. Keep upwind of spill. Stay out of low areas. Contents under pressure.

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Potential Health Effects

Eye Contact: No hazard from gas. Liquid may cause frostbite.

Skin Contact: Essentially nonirritating to skin. Liquid may cause frostbite upon skin contact. **Skin Absorption:** Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

Product Name: VIKANE* Gas Fumigant

Inhalation: Vapor concentrations are attainable which may be fatal with single exposure. Excessive exposure may cause severe irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs. For narcotic effects: Relevant data not available.

Issue Date: 10/11/2011

Ingestion: Moderate toxicity if swallowed. Swallowing is unlikely because of the physical state.

Aspiration hazard: Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Effects of Repeated Exposure: In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Central nervous system. Kidney. Lung. Respiratory tract. Thyroid. Observations in animals include: Convulsions. Tremors. May cause fluorosis of teeth and bones.

Birth Defects/Developmental Effects: Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.

3. Composition Information

Component	CAS#	Amount
Sulfuryl Fluoride	2699-79-8	99.8 %
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.04 %
Balance	Not available	0.16 %

4. First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. If the person is not breathing and has no pulse, consider cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR); use pocket resuscitation mask, bag valve mask etc., to avoid risk of poisoning rescuer. To prevent pulmonary edema have the person inhale 5 shots of an aerosol corticosteroid metered dose inhaler (if available), such as beclomethasone or fluticasone, etc., every 10 minutes until the person is evaluated by a physician.

Skin Contact: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. In case of frostbite, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Seek medical attention. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be immediately available.

Eye Contact: In case of frostbite, immediately flush eyes with water; remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue flushing eyes for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention promptly, preferably from an ophthalmologist. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately available.

Ingestion: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), no additional symptoms and effects are anticipated.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. Sulfuryl fluoride is a gas which has no warning properties such as odor or eye irritation. The prediction of possible human effects is based in part on observations made on laboratory animals. Treat for frostbite if present (eyes, skin) with gentle rewarming by water irrigation for at least 15 minutes. It is predicted that persons exposed to sulfuryl fluoride will show little evidence of intoxication at first, unless the concentration is very high (greater than 400 ppm). Early symptoms of exposure to sulfuryl fluoride are respiratory irritation and central nervous system depression. Excitation may follow. Slowed movement, reduced awareness, and slow or garbled speech may be noted. It is essential to keep such an individual at bed rest for at least 24

hours. Clinical observations should be directed at the pulmonary, hepatic, and renal systems. Prolonged exposure can produce lung irritation, pulmonary edema, nausea, and abdominal pain. Repeated exposure to high concentrations can result in significant lung and kidney damage. Convulsions may ensue with respiratory arrest being the terminal event. Assisted respiration may be necessary. Clinical observation is essential. There is no known antidote for overexposure to sulfuryl fluoride. May cause asthma-like (reactive airways) symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants, antitussives and corticosteroids may be of help. Respiratory symptoms, including pulmonary edema, may be delayed. Persons receiving significant exposure should be observed 24-48 hours for signs of respiratory distress. Consider administering a complete aerosol corticosteroid metered dose inhaler (100-150 shots) or equivalent as initial preventive treatment for incipient pulmonary edema. Consider administering 250-1000 mg prednisolone IV on the first day of treatment. Treat for frostbite, if present. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).

Issue Date: 10/11/2011

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media

This material does not burn. If exposed to fire from another source, use suitable extinguishing agent for that fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous Combustion Products: Fire conditions may cause this product to decompose. Refer to section 10 - Thermal Decomposition.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Container may rupture from gas generation in a fire situation. **Advice for firefighters**

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas where gases (fumes) can accumulate. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed. Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. Consider the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Immediately withdraw all personnel from the area in case of rising sound from venting safety device or discoloration of the container. Move container from fire area if this is possible without hazard. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Isolate area. Keep personnel out of low areas. Keep upwind of spill. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Small spills: Knock down and dilute vapors with water fog or spray. Apply vapor suppression foams until spill can be cleaned up. Use non-sparking tools in cleanup operations. Large spills: Contact Dow AgroSciences for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

Product Name: VIKANE* Gas Fumigant Issue Date: 10/11/2011

7. Handling and Storage

Handling

General Handling: Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Storage

Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Exposure Limits

Component	List	Туре	Value
Sulfuryl Fluoride	ACGIH ACGIH	TWA STEL	5 ppm BEI 10 ppm BEI
	OSHA Table Z-1	PEL	20 mg/m3 5 ppm

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING. A BEI notation following the exposure guideline refers to a guidance value for assessing biological monitoring results as an indicator of the uptake of a substance from all routes of exposures.

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: For handling the gas, wear safety glasses (with side shields). When contact with the liquid (condensed gas) is possible, wear chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Wear clean, body-covering clothing.

Hand protection: Chemical protective gloves should not be needed when handling this material. Consistent with general hygienic practice for any material, skin contact should be minimized.

Respiratory Protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use an approved respirator. When respiratory protection is required, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply. For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. In confined or poorly ventilated areas, use an approved self-contained breathing apparatus or positive pressure air line with auxiliary self-contained air supply.

Ingestion: No precautions necessary due to the physical properties of the material.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only in enclosed systems or with local exhaust ventilation. Exhaust systems should be designed to move the air away from the source of vapor/aerosol generation and people working at this point. Lethal concentrations may exist in areas with poor ventilation.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance

Physical StateGasColorColorlessOdorOdorlessOdor ThresholdOdorless

Product Name: VIKANE* Gas Fumigant

Not applicable pН

Melting Point -137 °C (-215 °F) Estimated.

Freezing Point Not applicable

Boiling Point (760 mmHg) -54 °C (-65 °F) EC Method A2.

Flash Point - Closed Cup Not applicable **Evaporation Rate (Butyl** Not applicable

Acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas)

Flammable Limits In Air Lower: Not applicable **Upper**: Not applicable **Vapor Pressure** 16,000 hPa @ 20 ℃

Vapor Density (air = 1) 3.5 @ 20 ℃

Specific Gravity (H2O = 1) 1.35 1.04 g/l 20 °C, Unbuffered

Solubility in water (by

weight)

Partition coefficient, n-

octanol/water (log Pow)

Autoignition Temperature Decomposition

Temperature

Kinematic Viscosity

0.41 Estimated.

Not applicable

No test data available

Not applicable

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability

Thermally stable at recommended temperatures and pressures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose.

Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems.

Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with: Strong bases.

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Hydrogen fluoride. Sulfur oxides. Toxic gases are released during decomposition.

11. **Toxicological Information**

Acute Toxicity

Ingestion

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Dermal

The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Inhalation

LC50, 4 h, Rat 991 - 1,122 ppm

Eye damage/eye irritation

No hazard from gas. Liquid may cause frostbite.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Essentially nonirritating to skin. Liquid may cause frostbite upon skin contact.

Sensitization

Skin

No relevant data found.

Respiratory

No relevant data found.

Issue Date: 10/11/2011

Product Name: VIKANE* Gas Fumigant Issue Date: 10/11/2011

Repeated Dose Toxicity

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Central nervous system. Kidney. Lung. Respiratory tract. Thyroid. Observations in animals include: Convulsions. Tremors. May cause fluorosis of teeth and bones.

Chronic Toxicity and Carcinogenicity

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Carcinogenicity Classifications:

Component	List	Classification
1,2-Dichloroethane	NTP	Anticipated carcinogen.
	IARC	Possibly carcinogenic to humans.; 2B

Developmental Toxicity

Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Reproductive Toxicity

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Genetic Toxicology

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases.

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Fish Acute & Prolonged Toxicity

LC50, zebra fish (Brachydanio rerio), static, 96 h: 0.89 mg/l

Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity

EC50, water flea Daphnia magna, static, 48 h, immobilization: 0.62 mg/l

Aquatic Plant Toxicity

EyC50, green alga Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (formerly known as Selenastrum capricornutum), static, Growth inhibition (cell density reduction), 96 h: 3.05 mg/l

EbC50, green alga Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (formerly known as Selenastrum capricornutum), static, biomass growth inhibition, 72 h: 0.58 mg/l

ErC50, green alga Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (formerly known as Selenastrum capricornutum), static. Growth rate inhibition, 72 h: 1.13 mg/l

Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms

LC50, Honey bee (Apis mellifera): 6.5 mg/l

Persistence and Degradability

No relevant data found.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow): 0.41 Estimated.

Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

Partition coefficient, soil organic carbon/water (Koc): 6 Estimated.

13. Disposal Considerations

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s)

Product Name: VIKANE* Gas Fumigant

or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

Issue Date: 10/11/2011

14. Transport Information

DOT Non-Bulk

Proper Shipping Name: SULFURYL FLUORIDE Hazard Class: 2.3 ID Number: UN2191

DOT Bulk

Proper Shipping Name: SULFURYL FLUORIDE Hazard Class: 2.3 ID Number: UN2191

IMDG

Proper Shipping Name: SULFURYL FLUORIDE

Hazard Class: 2.3 ID Number: UN2191

EMS Number: F-C,S-U Marine pollutant.: Yes

ICAO/IATA

FORBIDDEN ON BOTH PASSENGER AND CARGO AIRCRAFT PER IATA DUE TO INHALATION

HAZARD

Additional Information

MARINE POLLUTANT

POISON - INHALATION HAZARD, Zone D

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

15. Regulatory Information

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312

Immediate (Acute) Health HazardYesDelayed (Chronic) Health HazardYesFire HazardNoReactive HazardNoSudden Release of Pressure HazardYes

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313

This product contains the following substances which are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and which are listed in 40 CFR 372.

Component	CAS#	Amount
Sulfuryl Fluoride	2699-79-8	99.8%

Pennsylvania (Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act): Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List and/or Pennsylvania Environmental Hazardous Substance List:

The following product components are cited in the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List and/or the Pennsylvania Environmental Substance List, and are present at levels which require reporting.

Component	CAS#	Amount
Sulfuryl Fluoride	2699-79-8	99.8%

Pennsylvania (Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act): Pennsylvania Special Hazardous Substances List:

The following product components are cited in the Pennsylvania Special Hazardous Substance List, and are present at levels which require reporting.

Component	CAS#	Amount
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.04%

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) Section 103

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986)

This product contains no listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute.

US. Toxic Substances Control Act

All components of this product are on the TSCA Inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements under 40 CFR 720.30

16. Other Information

Hazard Rating System

NFPA Health Fire Reactivity
3 0 1

Revision

Identification Number: 50104 / 1016 / Issue Date 10/11/2011 / Version: 5.0

DAS Code: XRM-5162

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

N/A	Not available
W/W	Weight/Weight
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
TWA	Time Weighted Average
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Inc.
DOW IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
WEEL	Workplace Environmental Exposure Level
HAZ_DES	Hazard Designation
Action Level	A value set by OSHA that is lower than the PEL which will trigger the need for
	activities such as exposure monitoring and medical surveillance if exceeded.

Dow AgroSciences LLC urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

Issue Date: 10/11/2011